Project "Integration of disabled population in Estonia"

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- Statistics Estonia has responded to the need of data on disabled population
 - Initiative from Ministry of Social Affairs from 2008 to monitor different aspects of quality of life of those who are officially recieving benefits
 - ▶ Task to link data from Social Insurance Board of those with profound, severe or moderate disability or incapacity to work (40-100%) with data collected at the individual level in other sources (with LFS data since 2008, not published)





- Wider need to monitor the participation of different minorities (e.g. by immigration, disability etc) in the society has led SE to increase details in published data since 2008 (e.g. LFS disabled population http://pub.stat.ee/px
 - web.2001/I_Databas/Social_life/09Labour_market/090Health_and_ability_to_work/090Health_and_ability_to_work.asp; for immigrant population http://pub.stat.ee/px-
 - web.2001/I_Databas/Social_life/09Labour_market/102Immigrant_population/102Immigrant_population.asp)
- Facilitated by the general need, agreed at Eurostat level to get data on health and social integration of population (see Meltzer, H. presentation): EDSIM not approved at country level, instead EHIS-> ESHSI, countries responding to find alternative ways in between years)





- Statistics Estonia 2010 started a working group to agree upon the data and sources to facilitate monitoring these indicators
- Working Group: social director of SE, Ministry of Education and Research, Ministry of Social Affairs, ANED representative, National Institute for Health Development





Main aim:

- ▶ To relate data from Social Insurance Board and selfdefinition on acitivity limitations on all data sources (except on those from administrative data) and compare groups defined as with disability, incapacity to work and activity limitations with total population on main aspects of integration into social life and quality of life
- Discussions: age profiles (needs for policy management (18-63) vs comparability needs (20-64); reasonability (survey data: education 25-39), definitions special needs vs disable

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Results

- Agreed on 7 main topics and monitored feasibility of proposed indicators:
 - Profile and structure of disabled population
 - Personal and Family life
 - Choice and control (mainly administrative data)
 - Access to goods and services
 - Education and life-long learning
 - Work and employment
 - Income and poverty





Results

- Main data sources (partly already available):
 - ▶ Time Use Survey (2009/2010 http://pub.stat.ee/px-web.2001/l_Databas/Social_life/17Time_use/17Time_use.asp)
 - Household Budget Survey (2010, 2012 etc http://pub.stat.ee/px-web.2001/l_Databas/Social_life/06Households/06Household_living_conditions/)
 - SILC Estonia (http://pub.stat.ee/px-web.2001/I_Databas/Social_life/05Health/05Health_status/05Health_status.asp)
 - ► LFS (http://pub.stat.ee/px-web.2001/I_Databas/Social_life/09Labour_market/090Health_and_ability_to_work.asp)
 - Administrative: Social Insurance Board (<u>www.ensib.ee</u>), Information system of education (<u>www.hm.ee</u>)





Results

- 2011 concept on indicators of social integration of disabled population developed
- ▶ 2011- elaboration of the database on disabled population by 3 definitions in comparison with total population and implementation of the database by the end of the year
- ▶ 2012-2013 database implementation and development of additional indicators
- ▶ 2014 EHSHI in Estonia
- 2014 analytical publication 'Quality of life and social integration of disabled population'



